



## **Challenge: Frustration & Aggression**

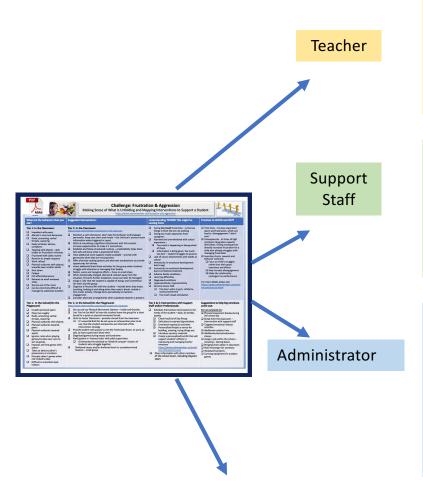
Making Sense of What is Unfolding and Mapping Interventions to Support a Student <a href="https://www.cebmmember.ca/frustration-and-aggression">https://www.cebmmember.ca/frustration-and-aggression</a>



what are the behaviors that you see?	Suggested Interventions:	Understanding 'WHERE' this might be coming from:	Practices to AVOID and WHY
In the Classroom:  Impatient with peers Abrupt in tone and demeanor Rude, screaming, verbal threats, swearing Easily irritated, whines, complains Tapping with objects – gets louder as frustration increases Frustrated with daily routine Reactive to simple requests Work refusal Physical outbursts with objects, towards peers and/or adults Shut down Fatigue Flat affect/depression Retreats to small enclosed areas Storms out of the room Can be extremely difficult to manage by substitute teachers	Tiers 1 & 2 practices: In the Classroom: https://www.cebmmember.ca/practices-in-the-classroom  Maintain a calm demeanor, don't take the behavior and language personally. Keep cues short and simple – the child can't process much information when triggered or upset.  Work at nourishing a significant attachment with this student: Increase opportunities to make 1:1 connections  Establish and follow structured routines – predictability helps them feel safe and know what is expected of them  Have additional work supplies readily available – provide with generosity when they are missing items  Offer alternate seating options and alternate workstations to provide opportunity for choices  Insert additional Brain Break activities for the group when students struggle with attention or managing their bodies  Notice, name and recognize efforts – focus on small steps  When emotionally charged, distract & redirect away from the situation. Prevents further escalation, issues can later be managed  Assign a 'job' that the student is capable of doing, and is beneficial for them and the group  Organize a Personal Bin with the student – include items they enjoy touching, looking at and doing when they need a break. Include a fine-motor activity. Change items periodically to maintain engagement.  Consider alternate arrangements when substitute teacher is present.	<ul> <li>□ Facing too much frustration - numerous things in their life are not working</li> <li>□ Facing too much separation from caregivers</li> <li>□ Alarmed and overwhelmed with school experience:</li> <li>□ Too much is happening or being asked of them.</li> <li>□ Information is being given 'too much too fast' – student struggles to process</li> <li>□ Lack of secure attachments with adults at school</li> <li>□ Immaturity in emotional development due to age</li> <li>□ Immaturity in emotional development due to emotional stuckness</li> <li>□ Adverse family conditions</li> <li>□ Learning difficulties</li> <li>□ Diagnosed conditions</li> <li>□ Hypersensitivity, hyposensitivity</li> <li>□ Sensory Issues, ASD</li> <li>□ Too loud –echo in gym, cafeteria, unstructured time</li> <li>□ Too much visual stimulation</li> </ul>	☐ Time Outs - Increase separation alarm and frustration, which can lead to disengagement 'I don't care' ☐ Consequences - in times of high emotions integrative capacity diminishes. Giving consequences directly increases frustration for a child who already struggles with managing frustration ☐ Incentive charts, rewards and behavior contracts ☐ Focus on child's struggles rather than their good intentions and efforts ☐ May increase disengagement ☐ Make the relationship contingent on performance  For more details please see: https://www.cebmmember.ca/common-practices-to-avoid
In the School/On the Playground:	Tiers 2 & 3 practices: In the School/On the Playground: https://www.cebmmember.ca/practices-outside-the-classroom	Tier 2 & 3: Interventions with Support Staff and/or Professionals:	Suggestions to help big emotions come out:
<ul> <li>□ Invades personal space</li> <li>□ Plays too roughly</li> <li>□ Rude, screaming, verbal threats, swearing</li> <li>□ Physical outbursts with objects</li> <li>□ Physical outbursts towards peers</li> <li>□ Physical outbursts towards adults</li> <li>□ Ignores rules when playing games/creates own rules to win at games</li> <li>□ Imposes self into games with others</li> <li>□ Takes or destroy other's possessions or creations</li> <li>□ Disrupts others' games when not invited to play</li> <li>□ Difficult to transition back indoors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Set-up and use Physical Movement Stations – Inside and Outside</li> <li>□ Use 'You've Got Mail' to have the student leave the group for a short break for a quiet or physical movement break.</li> <li>□ Visits to Foster Classroom – provide a break from the classroom</li> <li>□ It's essential that this be set-up as an intervention prior to its use, that the student and parents are informed of this intervention strategy</li> <li>□ Provide student with passes to visit the Technician Room, to work, to talk, to have supervised 'alone time'</li> <li>□ Organized games during recess and lunchtime</li> <li>□ Participation in 'interest clubs' with adult supervision</li> <li>□ Orchestrate the schedule to 'divide &amp; conquer' clusters of students who struggle together</li> <li>□ Sheltered recess and/or sheltered lunch in a predetermined location – small group</li> </ul>	□ Schedule intervention time based on the needs of the student – daily, bi-weekly, weekly □ Check-Ins/End of Day Recap □ Safe place to express big emotions □ Emotional expression activities □ Personalized Project a venue for building, creating, trying things out □ Introduce sensory materials □ Create a personalized tool kit that will support student's efforts in expressing and managing his/her emotions     https://www.cebmmember.ca/emotions-intervention-area □ Share information with other members of the school team, including daycare team	Pre-set schedule for:  ☐ Physical movement breaks during the school day ☐ Break from the classroom — intervention with support staff ☐ Targeted emotional release activities ☐ Additional outdoor time ☐ Additional physical education classes ☐ Assign a job within the school — recycling — tearing boxes ☐ Bringing chairs down in classroom ☐ Mail messenger for secretary ☐ Woodwork projects ☐ Carrying equipment for outdoor games



## Maximizing the use of the "Challenges Placemats"- A tool to help prime observation, reflection, discussion and sound intervention strategies to support students with challenging behaviors



- ✓ At the start of the school year, as you prepare for your new group review the different areas of your room, do you have different spaces that will meet the needs of your diverse group?
- ✓ You'll be welcoming a student whose challenges you're not sure how to address the placemat can be a starting point for recommended intervention resources and interventions.
- Reach out to your support staff and Complementary Services Team members for support when needed.
- ✓ During the year, you have a student whom you find challenging and need new ideas to help them see what you have in place, what can be added or used differently.
- ✓ At the start of the school year, as you prepare for the new students that you'll be supporting review the placemats and do an inventory of the tools and strategies that you have at your disposal for intervention. Prepare & create new tools to add to your existing resources.
- ✓ When faced with challenging students, take the time to observe their behaviors, hear their needs and frustrations, speak with the other adults working with them and together decided on interventions and support that you can put into place the placemats can provide a common ground which to start the discussion everyone has a role to play to support this student.
- ✓ At the start of the school year, review and share the placemats with your teachers, support staff and daycare staff they provide a wide range of insight on different challenges along with recommended intervention strategies within the classroom, the school and the playground.
- ✓ Have a team discussion, review which strategies are in place, which could be added to best meet the needs of your students.
- ✓ When faced with complex and challenging situations refer to the placemats as a tool to bring each member of the team together, to identify what they are already doing, what is working, what is not working and decide together what will be the next intervention strategies to be put into place to support this student.
- ✓ Invite your Complementary Services Team Member(s) to join in the conversation when you feel the need for additional support.

## **Complementary Services Team Member**

S. Carrier	constantly interrupting the	ig numerous challenges, making teaching very flow of what the adults are triving to do with t			
Classroom Observation – What Am I Looking For?					
Tier 1 intermedians	What I see (Classroom Observation)	What is missing (Reflection)	What is needed to help meet the needs of group (and be the foundation for Tier 2 and students who are in this class group) [intervention suggestions to implement		
Teacher greeting and engaging their students individually and as a group [in morning and after each transition]	N. The tracker consciously graving students as they active in the control of	■ Exercise as exposed, another increashed they will next curry by an engine and other as yet and yet and other as yet and yet any yet and yet and yet any yet and yet any yet any yet any yet any yet any yet and yet any yet a	Product examples of how this can take place.  Concurage their he scake first first "personal" of greating as this will increase the probability of greating as this will increase the probability.  Share in fact, build we whate for examples is, reviewed.  South to the programme of having exemptors.  South to the principation of having exemptors as the will prevent harmonic exemptors and facilities to all the principation of the prin		
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- ✓ At the start of the school year, review and share the placemats with your school teams. There is great benefit in a 'refresher' to support them as they prepare for new students. People often repeat past intervention strategies because they were familiar. They can benefit from brainstorming and discussions to improve the services and the support which they offer, particularly to their students with behavior challenges.
- ✓ When asked to support specific students the placemats can be a tool to help take inventory of the strategies being implemented, assess what is working and not working. From there it becomes easier to see in which direction new interventions should be considered, discussed, decided upon and then implemented.
- ✓ As an additional support for Complementary Services Team members, please see the <u>Intervention Planning: Moving</u> from Observation, Reflection, to Intervention Suggestions to Implement document.